

Last Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

First Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Print all information clearly

Fill out as much of the Laboratory information as you can

Laboratory section? \_\_\_\_\_  
(if not in lab write PLC)

Teaching assistant? \_\_\_\_\_

General Chemistry I  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(CHEM 1100)

Midterm 2

November 13, 2018

*The time limit for this test is 50 minutes.*

Numerical answers must be given with appropriate units and significant figures. Please place all answers in the space provided for the question. IF more space is required write on the back of the question sheet and indicate this in the answer space.

There are six questions worth **a total of marks**. If more than one answer is given only the first answer will be graded unless you indicate otherwise.

Data tables are supplied separately. DO NOT WRITE ON THESE. Hand them in with your exam.

**This examination should be written in non-erasable INK**

Exams that have been altered by erasures or white out may be ineligible for appeal of grades at the discretion of the professors.

Question 1      5 /5

Question 2      5 /6

Question 3      4 /6

Question 4      4.5 /6

Question 5      5 /6

Question 6      4 /5

TOTAL      27.5 /34

1. The work function of Rb is  $218.15 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ .

[5 marks]

5

a) How much energy does it take to remove a single electron from an atom on the surface of solid rubidium?

$$E = ?$$

$$\phi = 3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$E = hc/\lambda$$

$$E = h\nu$$

$\rightarrow (3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J or larger})$

It would take equal to or greater

the amount of ~~juices~~ of Rb which is  $218.15 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}$   
 $= (3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J})$

b) What is the wavelength (in nm) and frequency (in Hz) of light capable of doing this?  
You can calculate these in any order you wish.

$$\lambda = ?$$

$$h\nu = \phi$$

$$V = ?$$

$$(6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s})(V) = 3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$V = 5.46 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1} = 5.46 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$$

$$E = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$

$$3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} = \frac{1.96 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J m}}{\lambda}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{(6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s})(3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s})}{3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}}$$

$$\lambda = 546 \text{ nm}$$

c) What is the maximum kinetic energy of the electrons emitted when light of  $7.3 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$  is used?

$$V = 7.3 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz} = 7.3 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$E_k = ?$$

$$\phi = 3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$E = h\nu$$

$$E_{\text{photon}} = (6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s})(7.3 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1})$$

$$= 4.83 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$E_k = E_{\text{photon}} - \phi$$

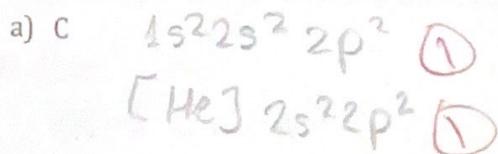
$$= 4.83 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} - 3.62 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$\therefore$  kinetic energy would be

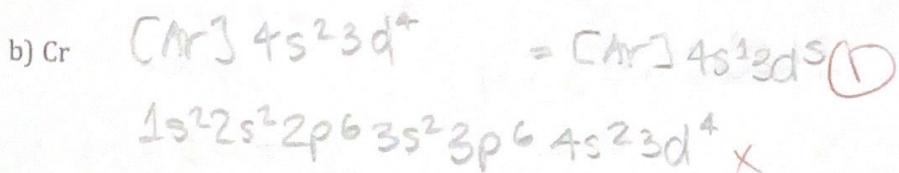
$$1.21 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$= 1.21 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

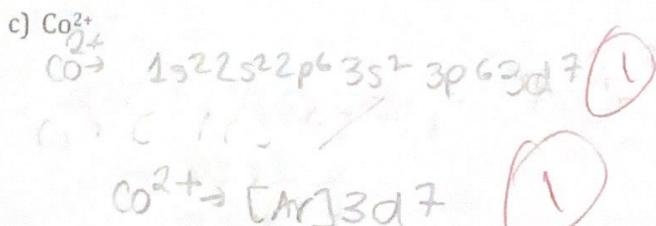
2. Write the electron configurations of the following elements or ions in both the complete form and noble gas (outer electron) notations: [6 marks]



(5)



→  $4s^1 3d^5$  instead!



3. Arrange the following elements in order from smallest to largest for the following properties: [6 marks]

a) Atomic Size Te S Se

S, Se, Te

(2)

(4)

b) First Ionization Energy K Br Ni

K, Ni, Br

Ni, K, Br

X

c) Electron Affinity Ba Si F

Ba, Si, F

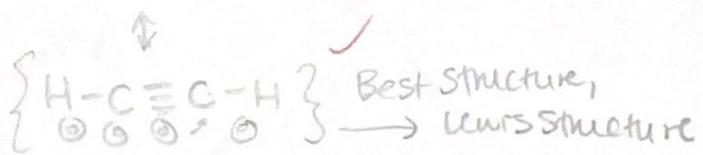
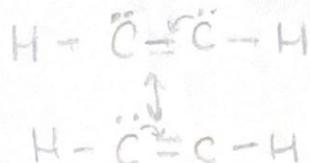
(3)

4. Write Lewis structures for the following species and identify any resonance structures. If an atom can expand its octet, do so to minimize the charge separation in the structure(s). Include formal charges on all structures of your final answer. [6 marks]

a) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>

$$Ve \rightarrow 2 + 2(4)$$

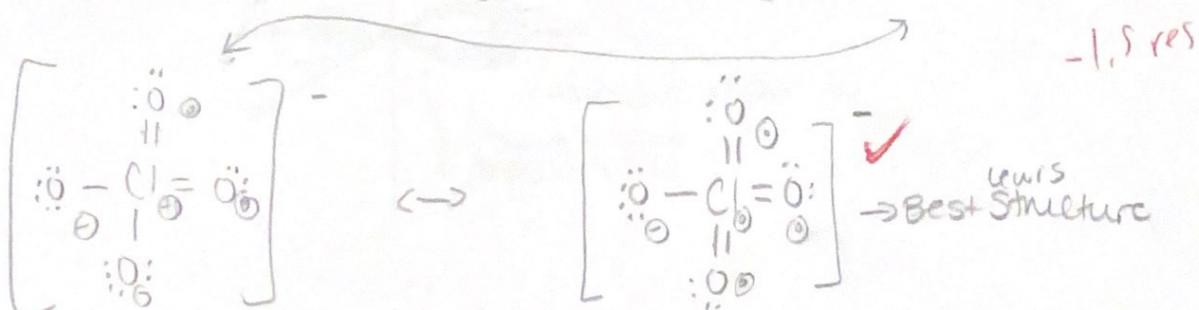
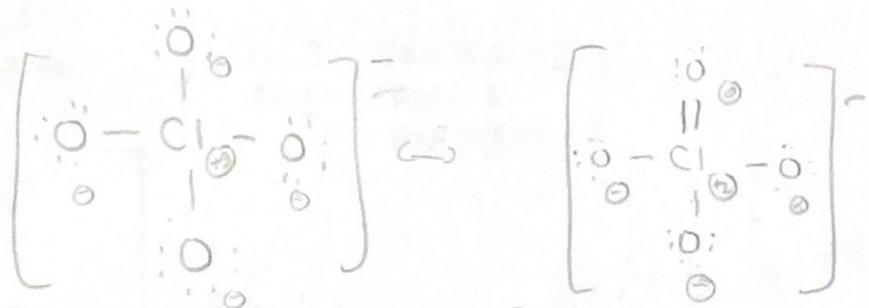
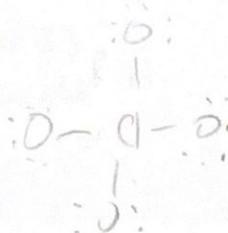
$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow 2+8 \\ &\rightarrow 10-6 \\ &\rightarrow 4 \end{aligned}$$



2

b) ClO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>

$$\begin{aligned} Ve &\rightarrow 1 + 4(6) + 7 \\ &\rightarrow 32 - 8 \\ &\rightarrow 24 \end{aligned}$$



2.5

4.5

4

5. Identify the orbital or suggest quantum numbers that could apply to the orbital given.  
 Sketch a diagram of the orbital. In addition to a sketch of the orbital, on the sketch,  
 identify any nodes (angular or radial) in the orbitals.

[6 marks]

a)  $n = 4, l = 0, m_l = 0$

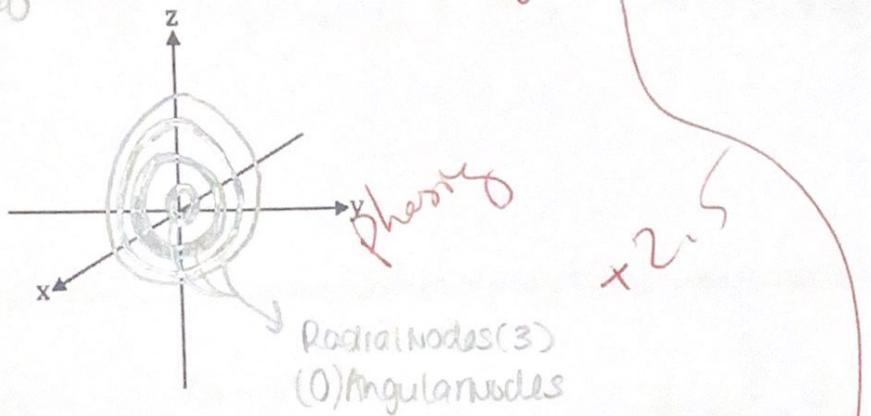
$$\begin{array}{l} n=4 \\ l=0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} n=4 \\ l=0 \end{array} \quad TN = n-1$$

$$= 4 - 1$$

$$= 3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} RN = 3 \\ AN = 0 \end{array}$$



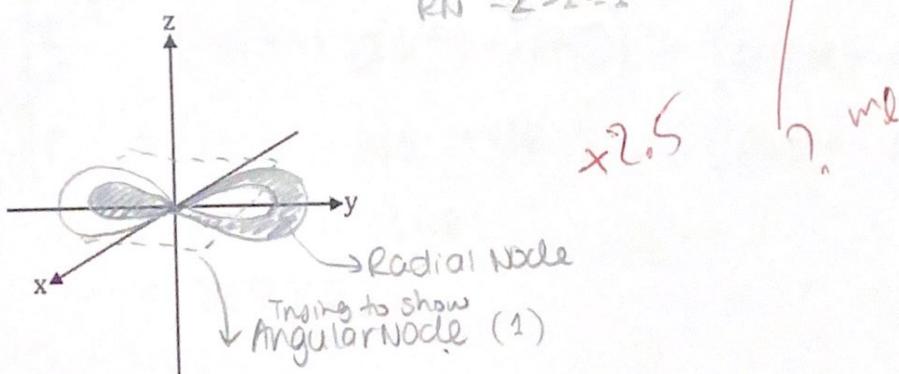
b)  $3p_y$  orbital

$$\nearrow l=1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} n=3 \\ l=1 \end{array} \quad TN = 3-1 = 2$$

$$AN = 1$$

$$RN = 2 - 1 - 1$$

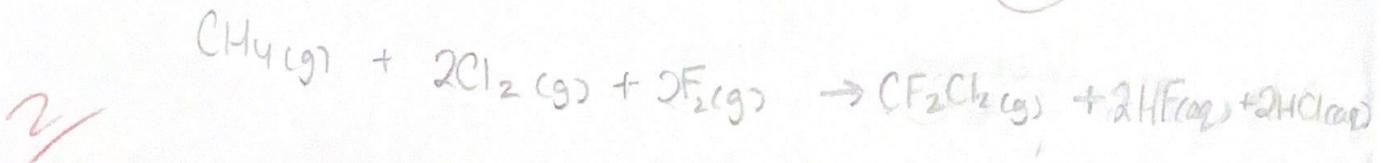


| m<sub>l</sub>=0 |

6. Methane ( $\text{CH}_4$ ) reacts with chlorine and fluorine in the gas phase to give gaseous Feon-12 ( $\text{CF}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ). Side products of the reaction are hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acids.

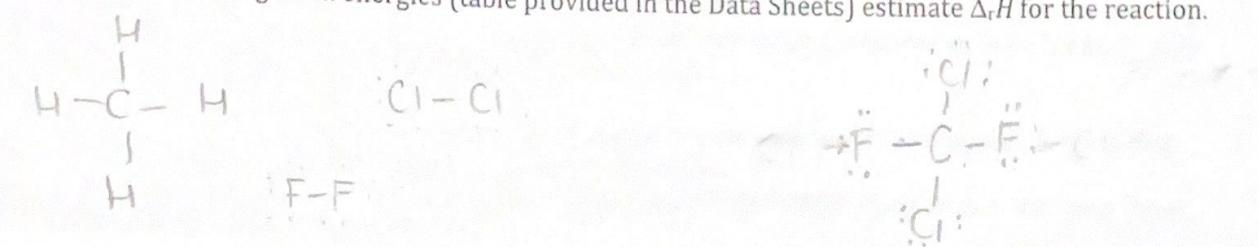
[5 marks]

- a) Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction.



(4/5)

- b) Using bond energies (table provided in the Data Sheets) estimate  $\Delta_f H$  for the reaction.



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left[ \begin{array}{l} 64(\text{C-H}) \\ 2(\text{F-F}) \\ 2(\text{Cl-Cl}) \\ 2(\text{C-C}) \\ 2(\text{C-F}) \end{array} \right] R \\
 & \left[ \begin{array}{l} 2(414) \\ 2(159) \\ 2(643) \\ 2(339) \\ 2(485) \end{array} \right] P \\
 & \Delta_f H = \sum \Delta H(\text{Reactants}) - \sum \Delta H(\text{Products}) \\
 & = (1656 + 318 + 486) - (678 + 970) \\
 & = 2460 - 1648 \\
 & = 812 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}
 \end{aligned}$$

End of Examination